

Hazard Mitigation Plan Overview

Jim Reid, PPROEM Director Mike Schaub, HMP Project Manager

Overview



- Why do we need an HMP?
- Plan History
- Plan Basics
- Key Plan Takeaways
- Current Grant Status
- Why a Merged Plan?
- 555

Hazard Mitigation Planning Defined



What it is

- A continuous process of identifying hazards and the optimization and execution of mitigation strategies
- The plan
 - Reduces loss of life and property by minimizing the impact of disasters
 - It begins with local governments identifying natural disaster risks and vulnerabilities that are common in their area
 - The plan then lists long-term strategies for protecting people and property from future events
- What it is not
 - A response plan
 - A tactically-focused threat analysis

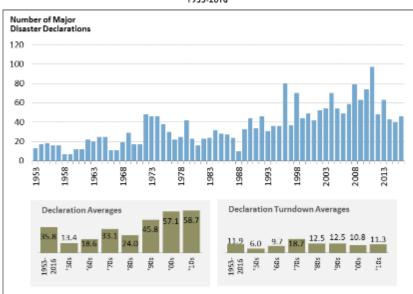


Why do we need an HMP?



- Cycle of federal disaster declarations
 - Steady increase in declarations
 - Repeat reconstruction due to similar events
- Hazard mitigation attempts to break this cycle
 - FEMA PA 406 Mitigation
 - FEMA 404 Mitigation
 - HMP Grants

Figure 5. Major Disaster Declarations 1953-2016



Source: CRS analysis based on data from U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Disaster Declarations, available at https://www.fema.gov/disasters and data provided by FEMA.

Provides Guidance to Local Govts



- Plan identifies hazards and vulnerabilities
- Plan also helps track mitigation efforts
- Local governments input mitigation strategies during plan creation; track on an annual basis



Mitigation Plan Requirement for Governments Applying for Certain FEMA Grants Is a Mitigation Plan Required? **Enabling Legislation FEMA Assistance Program** State Applicant **Local Sub- Applicant Stafford Act** Individual Assistance (IA) No No Public Assistance (PA) Categories A No No and B (e.g., debris removal, emergency protective measures) Public Assistance (PA) Categories C No Yes through G (e.g., repairs to damaged infrastructure, publicly-owned buildings) Fire Mitigation Assistance Grants Yes No (FMAG) **Hazard Mitigation Grant Program** Yes No

Yes

No

Yes

Yes

No

Yes

Yes

No

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

(HMGP)planning grant

(HMGP) project grant

Communities (BRIC)

(FMA) planning grant

(FMA) project grant

planning grant

project grant

National Flood Insurance Act

Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM)

Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM)

Flood Mitigation Assistance

Flood Mitigation Assistance

Building Resilient Infrastructure and

EMAP Accreditation



 Emergency Management Accreditation Program (EMAP) devotes an entire chapter to mitigation requirements



- Hazard identification
 - Must identify hazards, risks, and vulnerabilities
 - Requires a "maintenance program" for risk assessments
- Hazard mitigation
 - Requires a plan to implement mitigation projects
 - Determines project rankings by greatest opportunity for loss reduction
- Hazard Prevention
 - Required to coordinate prevention activities
 - Must monitor identified threats and hazards
 - Adjusts programs due to threat changes



Plan History

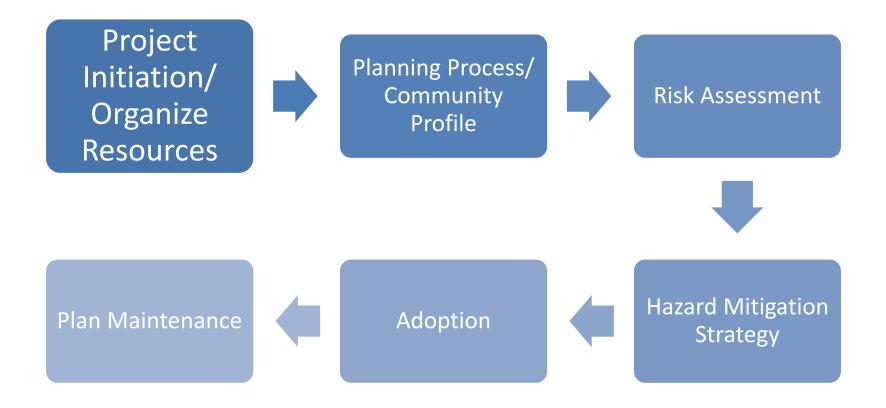


- City of Colorado Springs:
 2016-2021
- El Paso County: 2015-2020
- First merged plan: 2020-2025
 - Michael Baker Intl selected in late 2019
 - Period of performance: Nov2019 Oct 2020



Plan Basics – the Process





Plan Basics – Required Contents



- Planning Process
- Pikes Peak Region Profile
- Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA)
- Mitigation Strategy
- Plan Implementation and Maintenance

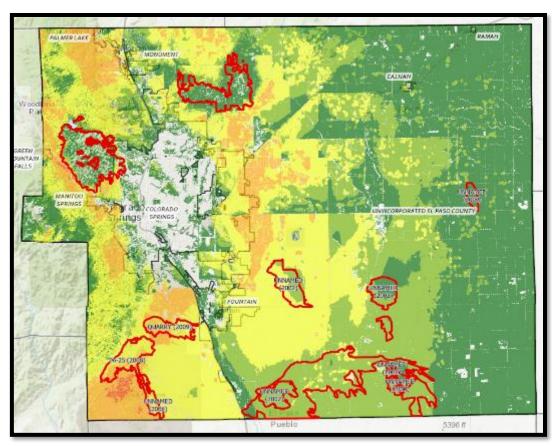
Wildfires



Hazard data

- Previous occurrences
 - » Location/Size
 - » Damages
- Burn probability
- Risk rating
- Risk & Vulnerability
 - Wildland/Urban Interface
 - » Buildings & Infrastructure
 - » Previous mitigation (thinning, prescribed burns)

Wildfire Risk & Historic Fire Perimeters

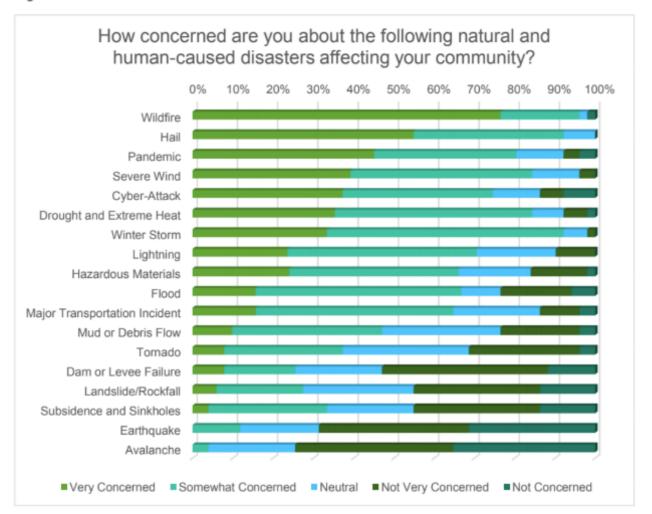


Calhan	cos	EPC	Fountain	Green Mtn Falls	Manitou Springs	Monument	Palmer	Ramah
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	High	High	High	High	Low

Key Takeaways



Figure 4-1: Perceived Threat of Natural & Human-Caused Hazards



Hazard Risk Ratings



Table 4-4: Overall Hazard Risk Ranking

	Calhan	Colorado Springs	El Paso County	Fountain	Green Mountain Falls	Manitou Springs	Monument	Palmer Lake	Ramah	Regionwide
Aircraft Incident	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate
Avalanche	Negligible	Low	Low	Negligible	Low	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Low
Cyber-Attack	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Dam/Levee Failure	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate
Drought & Extreme Heat	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Earthquake	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate
Extreme Acts of Violence	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
Flood	Low	High	High	Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate
Hail	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Hazmat	Low	High	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High	Moderate	Low	Moderate
Landfall/Rockfall	Negligible	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Negligible	Negligible	Low
Lightning	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate

Hazard Risk Ratings – Cont'd



	Calhan	Colorado Springs	El Paso County	Fountain	Green Mountain Falls	Manitou Springs	Monument	Palmer Lake	Ramah	Regionwide
Mud or Debris Flow	Negligible	High	Moderate	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	Negligible	Moderate
Pandemic/ Epidemic	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Subsidence & Sinkholes	Negligible	Moderate	Low	Negligible	Negligible	Low	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Low
Tornado	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate
Wind	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Wildfire	Low	High	High	Moderate	High	High	High	High	Low	Moderate
Winter Storm	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate

Mitigation Strategies

Flood/ Levee

failure

In

Pregress



Alignment with

Goals: 1 & 2

& 2.4

Objectives: 1.4

Short-term

Initiative	Description	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Action	Status Description	Priority	Cost	Lead & Support Agency	Timeframe	Goals and Objectives	
City of Colorado Springs Actions										
Initiative #71- Wildfire Mitigation Education and Outreach to Neighborhoods at Risk	Continue conducting wildfire presentations to neighborhoods in order to educate them on mitigation concepts. One consideration for project prioritization is based on the receptiveness of the community.	Wildfire	Ongoing	PPROEM hosted two community meetings focused on wildfire, flood and geological hazards in partnership with several organizations including the Division of the Fire Marshal, the Independence Center, and others. CSFD Wildfire Mitigation program continues to provide education to residents and homeowners. City Communications conducted social media	High	Low/St aff Time	Division of the FM	Ongoing	Goals: 3 Objectives: 3.1, 3.2 & 3.3	

Neighborhoods at Risk	receptiveness of the community.			to residents and homeowners. City Communications conducted social media wildfire mitigation and prevention messaging.					
Initiative #72- Wildfire Mitigation Outreach to the Business Community	Expand Business Education and Outreach about wildfire concerns, evacuation, and business continuity. Continue integration with the Division of the Fire Marshal's current efforts focused on businesses and healthcare facilities. Explore expanding outreach to adopt an allhazards perspective in partnership with OEM.	Wildfire	Ongoing	Current efforts among the Division of the Fire Marshal and American Red Cross to discuss the importance of maintaining continuity of operations. The Colorado Springs Fire Department Wildfire Mitigation Section provides free development reviews, on-site consultations, vegetation management reviews and inspections to ensure businesses are prepared for a wildfire event	Med	Low/St aff time	Division of the FM and OEM	Ongoing	Goals: 3 and 6 Objectives: 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 & 6.3

A 5-year study is being conducted by FEMA that will more accurately map risk

and identify ways to reduce risk. Water

Resources Engineering Division will apply

for a self-accreditation of the levee using

the USACE report from 2017 and the study currently being performed by FEMA

Low/St

aff

time

Low

Public

ter

Works/Stormwa

Wildfire
Mitigation
Outreach to the
Business
Community

Initiative #73Templeton Gap
Floodway
Accreditation

Continue integration with the
Division of the Fire Marshal's current
efforts focused on businesses and
healthcare facilities. Explore
expanding outreach to adopt an all-hazards perspective in partnership
with OEM.

Obtain documentation regarding the
floodway's accreditation status from
USACE and FEMA. Determine if the
City should seek accreditation.

Approval Timeline



- 7-21 October: Final Public Review
- 7-31 October: Local Government Review (except for EPC and COS)
- 7 October: Initial DHSEM and FEMA Region
 VIII Review
- 1 Nov 31 Dec: EPC and COS Approval
- 1 Jan 20 Jan: Final DHSEM and FEMA Approval

Merged Plan Benefits



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- Provides a Common
 Operational Picture of both
 hazards and mitigation
 strategies
- Allows for optimization of mitigation efforts in the Pikes Peak Region
- Improves chances of securing grant opportunities at the federal level







Questions?