TABOR and the Dynamics of the Ratchet Down

May 22, 2020 Charae McDaniel Chief Financial Officer

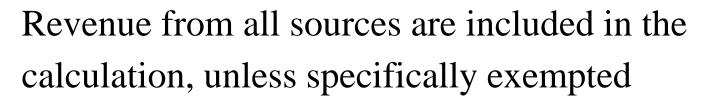


TABOR Agenda



- Which revenue is included in the TABOR calculation
- Which funds are included in the TABOR calculation
- How is the growth in the cap calculated
- How is the "growth factor" calculated
- What does "excess revenue" mean
- What is the "ratchet down"

Which revenue is included in the TABOR calculation



- Exempted revenue:
 - gifts, federal funds, collections for another government, City reserve transfers, damage awards, capital asset sales

RADO

Which funds are included in the TABOR calculation



| Included | Not included |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| General Fund | Grants - federal, private |
| Grants - State only | TOPS |
| Ballfield CIP | Conservation Trust |
| Bicycle Tax | PSST |
| S.I.M.D's | Enterprise Funds |
| Lodgers & Auto Rental | |
| Street Tree | |
| Senior Programs | |
| City Funded CIP - interest only | |
| Radio - non-city revenue only | |

How is the growth in the cap calculated



The maximum annual percentage change in the base

= inflation in the prior year + City growth in prior year

How is the "City growth" factor calculated



"City growth" means the net percentage change in assessment roll value from new construction, minus destruction

What does "excess revenue"

mean



"Excess revenue" refers to the amount that actual revenue exceeds the TABOR limit, or cap



If the actual revenue receipts decline in a particular year, the City's TABOR base declines. Then going forward can only increase by the growth factor. If the economy rebounds strongly in the next year and the revenue increases at a rate greater than the allowed TABOR growth factor, the City would exceed the TABOR limit and be in a position to either refund the amount over the limit, or ask voters to retain the amount.















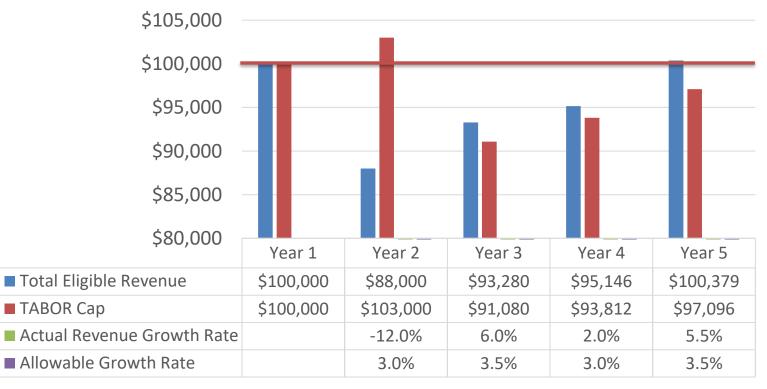


Total Eligible Revenue









Total Eligible Revenue

TABOR Cap



Questions?